

Using in situ UV-vis spectroscopy to measure N, C, P and suspended solids at a high frequency in a brackish tidal marsh

Randall Etheridge, François Birgand, Mike Burchell

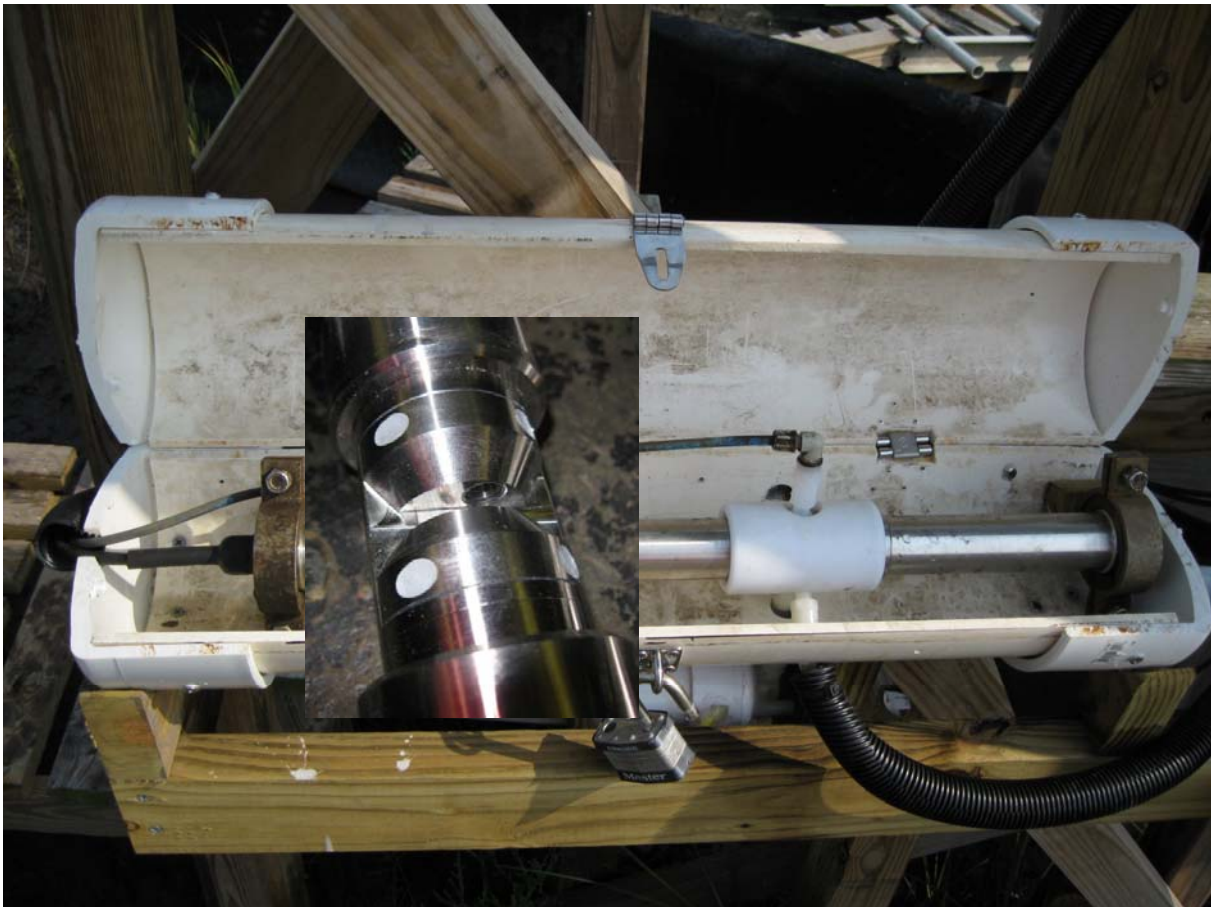
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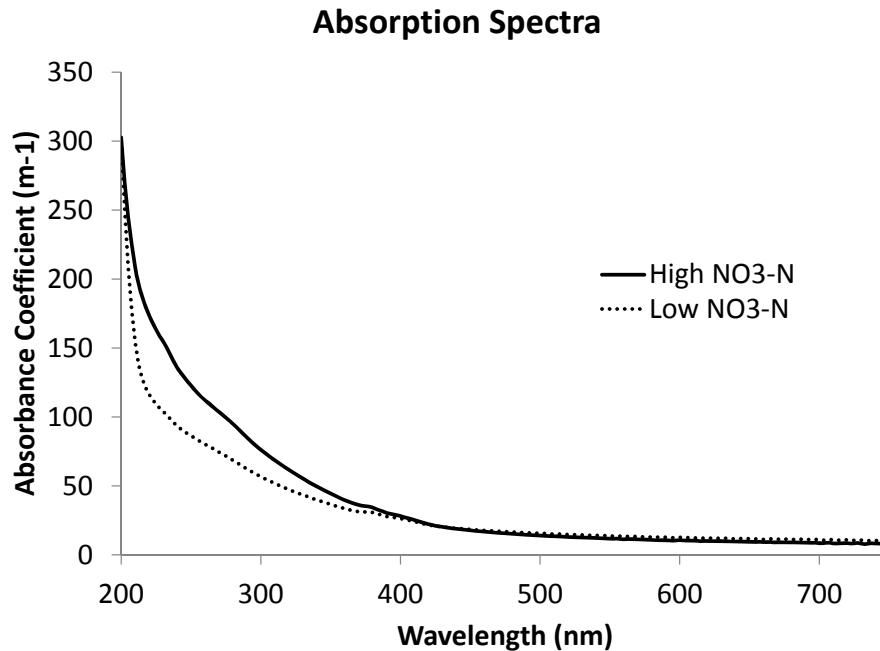
A missing legacy

- Continuous data available
 - For flow: over one century
 - For climate: decades
 - For water quality: just starting ...
- Currently water quality data 2-3 orders of magnitude less frequent than e.g. flow data
- Could new sensors be the beginning of a new legacy?

UV-Vis field spectrometers

- Measure absorbance of light in water from the UV to the visible range
- Some constituents like nitrate, Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) and particles absorb light





Parameters known to be measurable

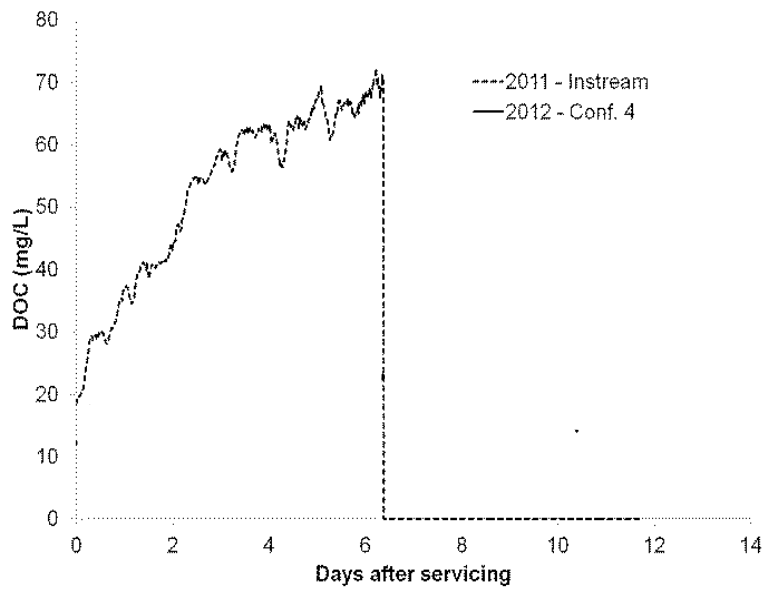
- Nitrate: absorbs light from 190 to 250 nm
- DOC: absorbs light from ~270-295 nm
- Turbidity

- Others parameters of interest:
 - NH₄, ON, PO₄, TP, salinity, SO₄, etc.
- Theoretical reasons why UV-vis spectroscopy would not be able to measure those?

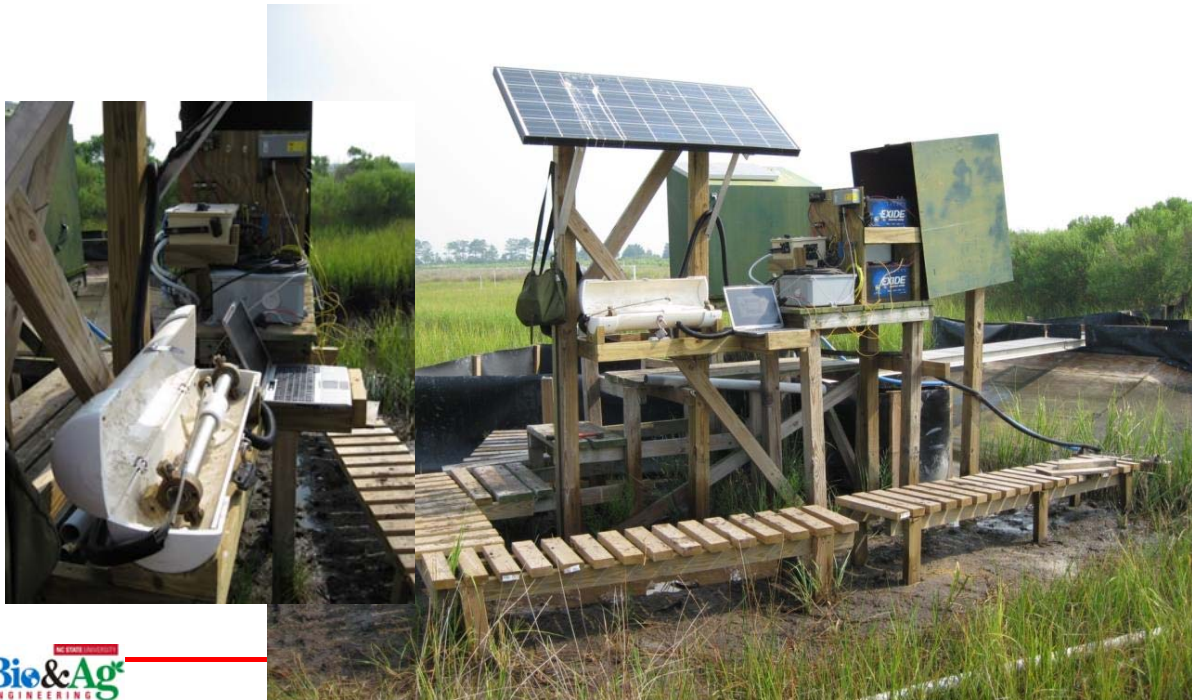
Dirty little secret...



Fouling...



Anti-fouling system



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Journal of Environmental Quality

SHORT COMMUNICATIONS

Addressing the Fouling of In Situ Ultraviolet-Visual Spectrometers Used to Continuously Monitor Water Quality in Brackish Tidal Marsh Waters

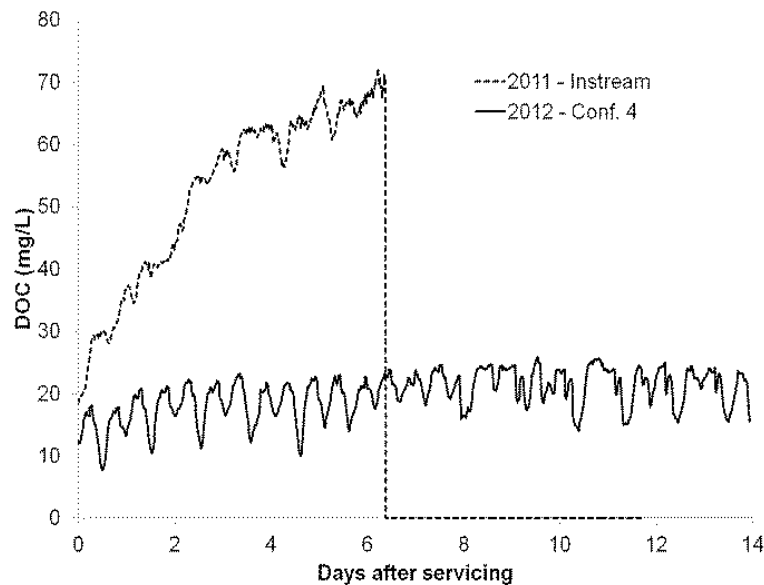
J. Randall Etheridge, François Birgand,* Michael R. Burchell II, and Brad T. Smith

J. Environ. Qual. 42:1896–1901 (2013)
doi:10.2134/jeq2013.02.0049

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F. Birgand¹⁰

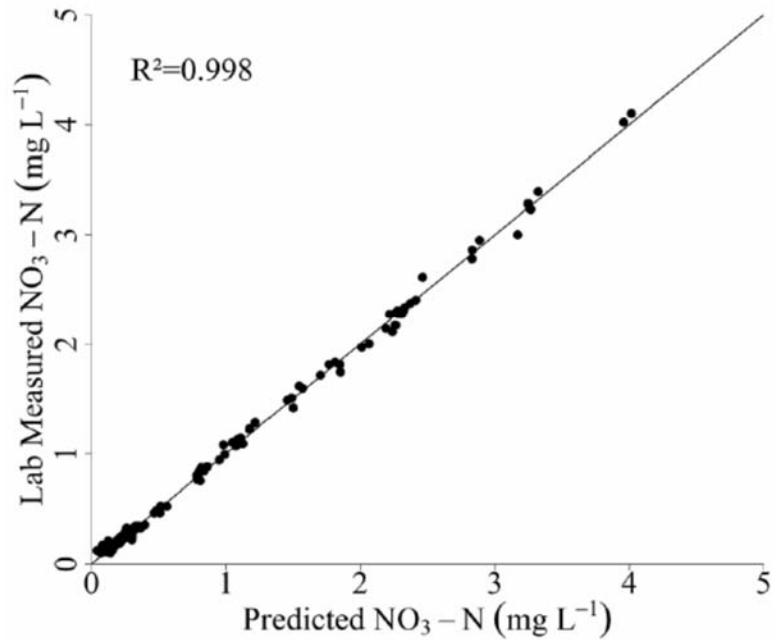
Fouling...



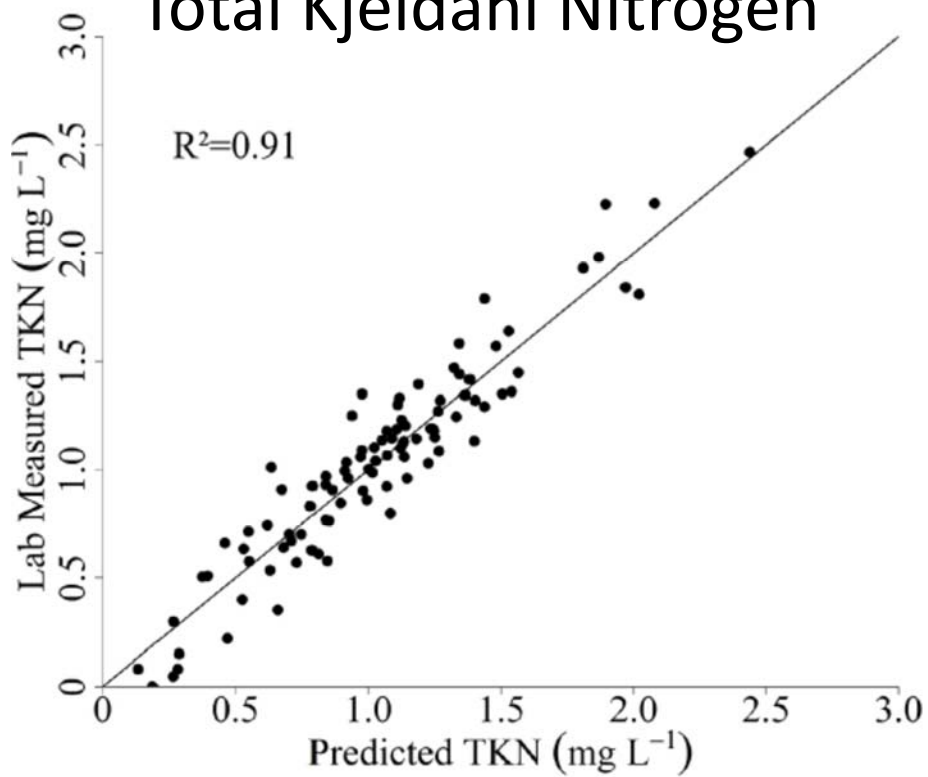
Breaking the manufacturers code

- Manufacturers have created algorithms able to calculate concentrations
- Relatively simple to require affordable computational capabilities
- Use chemometrics to create regressions between absorbance and concentrations
- Main tool: Partial Least Square Regression (PLSR)

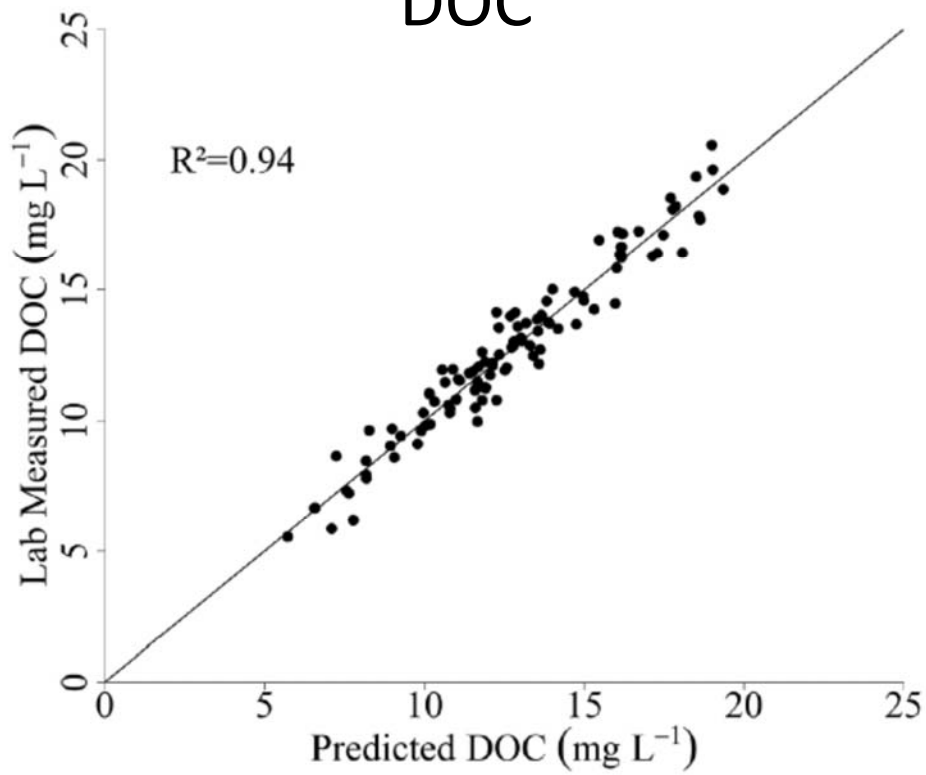
Nitrate



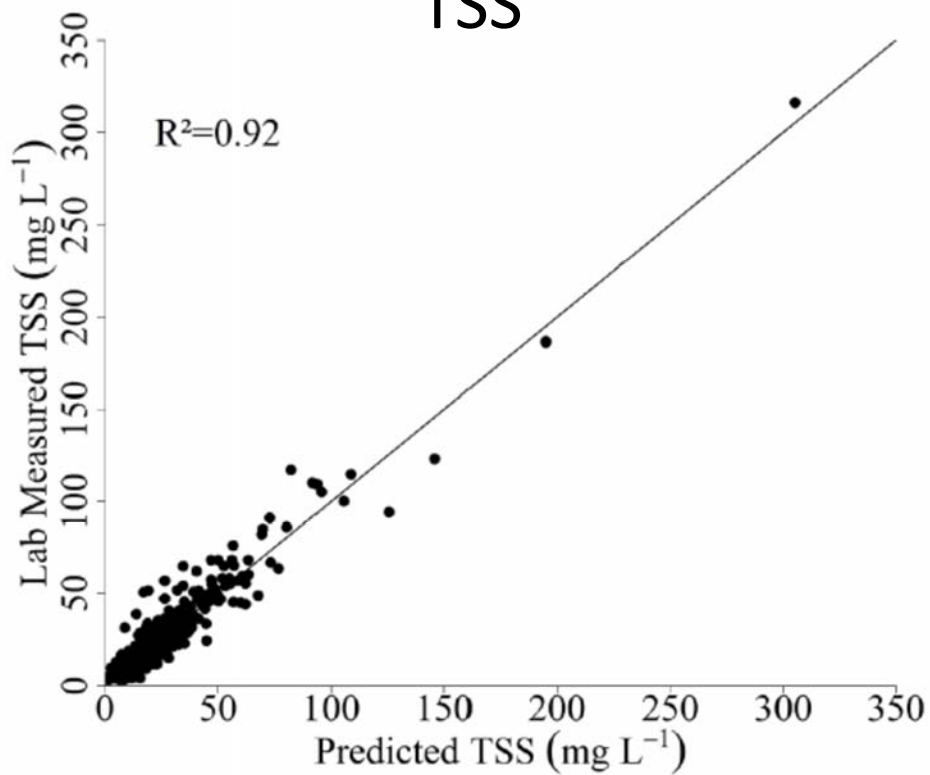
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen



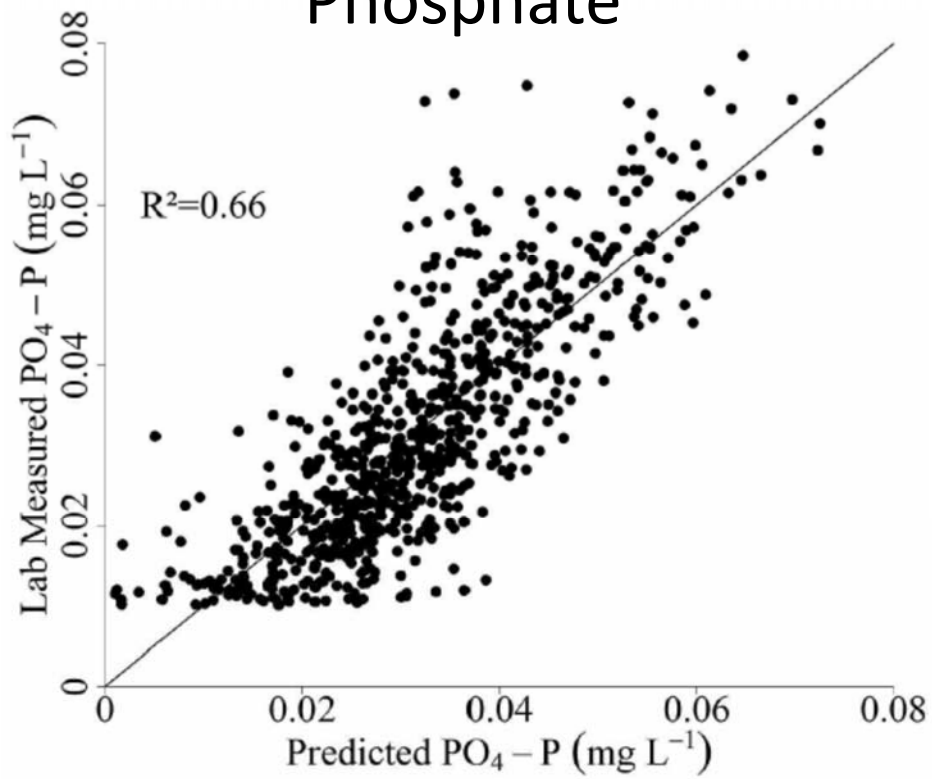
DOC



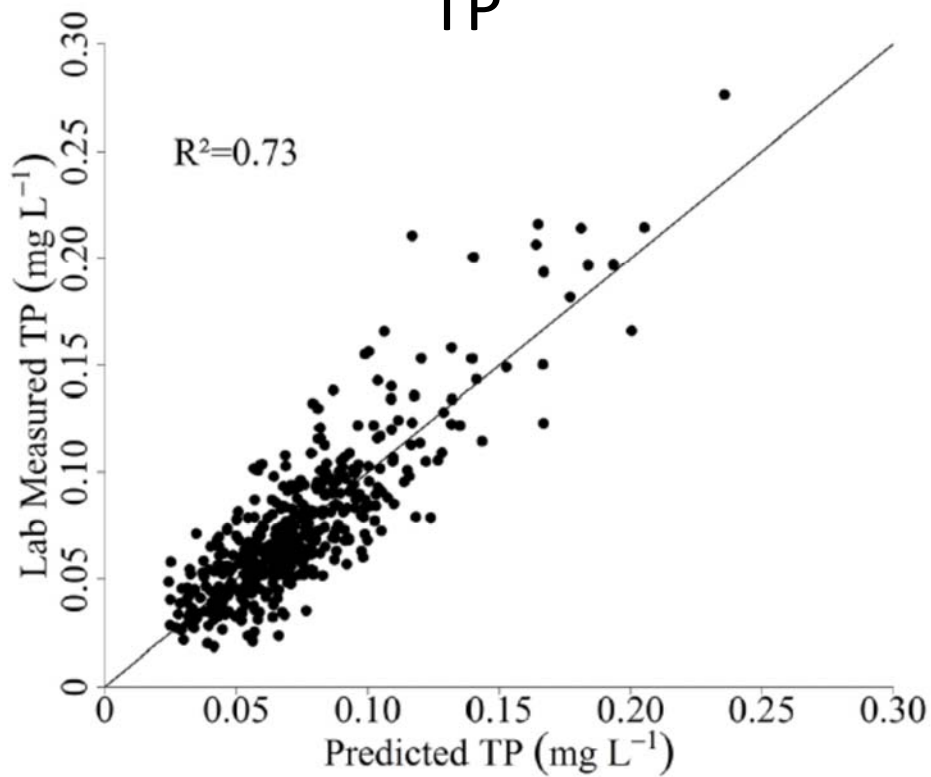
TSS



Phosphate



TP



Parameter	Calibration method	R ²	RMSEP	Nb Comp
NO ₃ -N	PLSR3	0.998	(0.10)	14
TKN	PLSR + FDOM3	0.91	(0.27)	10
DOC	PLSR + FDOM2	0.94	(1.3)	13
TSS	PLSR1	0.92	(7.3)	6
PO ₄ -P	PLSR2	0.66	(0.010)	18
TP	PLSR3	0.73	(0.024)	14
Salinity	PLSR3	0.97	(1.8)	12

What we were able to find

- Absorbance and/or covariability between concentrations and absorbance: more parameters predicted
- The code is available for all to use: create local calibration
- Needs to be tested for many other areas and several path lengths and concentration levels

LIMNOLOGY and OCEANOGRAPHY: METHODS

Limnol. Oceanogr.: Methods 12, 2014, XX-XX
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J. Randall Etheridge¹, François Birgand^{1*}, Jason A. Osborne², Christopher L. Osburn³, Michael R. Burchell II¹, and Justin Irving⁴



F. Birgand

Questions?



F. Birgand